

11-13-75 Attempts at Extraction of Aflatoxin Adduct

Purpose: The chromatographic behavior of the adduct indicates it may be a lipophilic yet somewhat polar molecule. I will try water saturated ethyl acetate and butanol to remove it from the aqueous phase

Procedure:

- Thaw sample 11-3-1 (65°C hydrolysis sample)
Observation - the sample looked creamy - but it appeared that the creaminess was caused by small droplets of CHCl_3 forming micelles in the aqueous phase. Significant but not total clearing occurred in time.
- Add 0.5 ml water - saturated ethyl acetate
Observation: two clear phases - implies that the problem was an emulsion.
- draw up and quickly release both phases for a minute or so - got what appeared to be good phase co-dispersion.
- let the phases separate and remove the bottom (the aqueous) phase after sampling

Samples: 1. aq. = 20 μl aqueous phase
2. etac = 50 μl organic (top) phase)
Count in 10 ml aquasol.

- take the ^{aqueous} aqueous phase and add 0.5 ml butanol - this is also lighter than the aqueous phase

Samples: 1. aq. ~~10~~ BuOH extract. = 20 μl
2. BuOH phase = 50 μl

1-13-75 Adduct Extraction : Results

1. Ethyl Acetate Extraction :

aqueous phase : ~~376,83~~ counts / 10 min / 20 μ l 1884 $\frac{\text{cpm}}{\mu\text{l}}$

organic phase : 24,207 counts / 10 min / 50 μ l 484 $\frac{\text{cpm}}{\mu\text{l}}$

2. Subsequent Butanol Extraction :

aqueous phase : 206,826 counts / 10 min / 20 μ l 1034 $\frac{\text{cpm}}{\mu\text{l}}$

organic phase : 281,970 counts / 10 min / 50 μ l 564 $\frac{\text{cpm}}{\mu\text{l}}$